

# Safety Data Sheet

according to the REACH Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 amended by Regulation (EU) 2020/878 Issue date: 6/27/2023 Revision date: 10/26/2023 Supersedes version of: 6/27/2023 Version: 1.1

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Substance

Name : Acetonitrile (Anhydrous)

EC Index-No. : 608-001-00-3 EC-No. : 200-835-2 CAS-No. : 75-05-8

REACH registration No. : 01-2119471307-38-XXXX Product code : NC-0602; NC-0609

Type of product : Solvents
Formula : C2H3N

Synonyms : Methyl cyanide, Cyanomethane, ACN

Product group : End product

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### 1.2.1. Relevant identified uses

Main use category : Industrial use, Laboratory chemical

Industrial/Professional use spec : Industrial

For professional use only

Use of the substance/mixture : Laboratory chemicals

Solvents

Substance manufacture
Function or use category : Laboratory chemicals, Solvents

#### 1.2.2. Uses advised against

No additional information available

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

emp Biotech GmbH GmbH Robert-Rössle-Str. 10 DE– 13125 Berlin Deutschland

T +49 (0)30 94 89 22 01 (Monday-Friday, 9:00 am-5:00 pm) - F +49 (0)30 94 89 32 01

info@empbiotech.com - www.empbiotech.com

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : Giftnotruf Berlin +49 30 30686700 (Beratung in Deutsch), 24 Stunden, 7 Tage/Woche; International: INFOTRAC +1-352-323-3500 (Phone) or in the US 800-535-5053 (toll-free),

24 hours/day, 7 days/week

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

# Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Flam. Liq. 2 H225
Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation) H332
Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal) H312
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral) H302
Eye Irrit. 2 H319
Full text of hazard classes, H- and EUH-statements: see section 16

# Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

No additional information available

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#### 2.2. Label elements

#### Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard pictograms (CLP)





GHS02

2 GHS07

Signal word (CLP)

Hazard statements (CLP)

: Danger

: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H332 - Harmful if inhaled.

H312 - Harmful in contact with skin. H302 - Harmful if swallowed. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary statements (CLP)

P210 - Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces . – No smoking.
 P280 - Wear protective clothing, protective gloves, eye protection, face protection.
 P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water .

P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

### 2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: This substance / mixture does not contain any components of 0.1% or higher that are either classified as persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

## 3.1. Substances

Substance type : Mono-constituent

Name	Product identifier	%
Acetonitrile (Anhydrous)	CAS-No.: 75-05-8 EC-No.: 200-835-2 EC Index-No.: 608-001-00-3 REACH-no: 01-2119471307- 38-XXXX	90 – 100

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

# 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general

: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Consult a doctor. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

First-aid measures after inhalation

: Move person to fresh air and ensure comfortable breathing. Give oxygen or artificial respiration if necessary. Call a physician immediately.

First-aid measures after skin contact

: After contact with skin, take off immediately all contaminated clothing, and wash immediately with plenty of water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

First-aid measures after eye contact

: In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice. Remove contact lenses, if possible. Continue rinsing.

First-aid measures after ingestion

: Drink water immediatly (max. 2 cups). Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain emergency medical attention

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### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects : The most important known symptoms and effects are described on the label (see 2.2) and /

or in section 11.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Repeated exposure to this material can result in absorption through skin causing significant

health hazard.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : Swallowing a small quantity of this material will result in serious health hazard.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No additional information available

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

# 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard : Highly flammable liquid.

Explosion hazard : Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Development of hazardous

combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire. Forms explosive mixtures with air

at ambient temperatures. Risk of explosion in contact with:

Cyanopropyl nitrate metal perchlorates Perchloric acid Sulfuric acid/heat

Nitrogen-fluorine-compounds

The substance can react dangerously with:

Oxidizing agents

Acids

Nitrating agent Perfluoro urea

Nitrogen dioxide/catalyst

Water (with acetonitrile vapour) -> release of toxic HCN.

Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire : Fire may cause evolution of:

Nitrogen oxides

Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid)

Carbon oxides

Pay attention to flashback.

# 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions : Remove container from danger zone and cool with water. Suppress (knock down)

gases/vapors/mists with a water spray jet. Prevent fire extinguishing water from

contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

Protection during firefighting : Stay in danger area only with self-contained breathing apparatus. Prevent skin contact by

keeping a safe distance or by wearing suitable protective clothing.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

# 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Use special care to avoid static electric charges.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : For personal protection see section 8.

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Emergency procedures : Avoid breathing vapours, spray. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation,

observe emergency procedures, consult an expert. No flames, no sparks. Eliminate all

sources of ignition. Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency procedures : Ventilate area.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Be careful of explosion risk.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see

sections 7 and 10). Take up carefully with liquid-absorbent material (e.g. Chemizorb®).

Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Information on exposure controls/personal protective equipment and on Instructions for disposal can be found in sections 8 and 13.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Additional hazards when processed : Handle empty containers with care because residual vapours are flammable.

Precautions for safe handling : Use under laboratory hood. Do not inhale substance/mixture. Avoid generation of

vapours/aerosols. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapour.

No open flames. No smoking.

Hygiene measures : Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or

smoking and when leaving work. Apply preventive skin protection. Take off immediately all

contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Ground/bond

container and receiving equipment.

Storage conditions : Keep container tightly closed in a dry, well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and

sources of ignition. Keep locked up or in an area accessible only to qualified or authorized

persons. Storage temperature  $ext{ : } 5-25 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

Storage area : Storage class (TRGS 510): See section 15.1.2.

# 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated.

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

# 8.1.1 National occupational exposure and biological limit values

Acetonitrile (Anhydrous) (75-05-8)	
EU - Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit (IOEL)	
Local name	Acetonitrile
IOEL TWA	70 mg/m³
IOEL TWA [ppm]	40 ppm Indicative: Indicates the possibility of significant absorption of the substance through the skin.

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Acetonitrile (Anhydrous) (75-05-8)	
Germany - Occupational Exposure Limits (TRGS 900)	
Local name	Acetonitril
AGW (OEL TWA) [1]	17 mg/m³
AGW (OEL TWA) [2]	10 ppm Remark: Skin resorptive: There is no reason to fear a risk of damage to the developing embryo or foetus when AGW and BGW are adhered to. Source: DFG, EU

# 8.1.2. Recommended monitoring procedures

No additional information available

#### 8.1.3. Air contaminants formed

No additional information available

### 8.1.4. DNEL and PNEC

Acetonitrile (Anhydrous) (75-05-8)			
DNEL/DMEL (Workers)			
Acute - systemic effects, inhalation	68 mg/m³		
Acute - local effects, inhalation	68 mg/m³		
Long-term - systemic effects, dermal	32.2 mg/kg bodyweight/day		
Long-term - local effects, inhalation	68 mg/m³		
DNEL/DMEL (General population)			
Acute - systemic effects, inhalation	22 mg/m³		
Acute - local effects, inhalation	220 mg/m³		
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	4.8 mg/m³		
PNEC (Water)			
PNEC aqua (freshwater)	4.32 mg/l		
PNEC aqua (marine water)	0.432 mg/l		
PNEC (Sediment)	PNEC (Sediment)		
PNEC sediment (freshwater)	23.3 mg/kg dwt		
PNEC sediment (marine water)	2.33 mg/kg dwt		
PNEC (Soil)			
PNEC soil	2.13 mg/kg dwt		
PNEC (STP)			
PNEC sewage treatment plant	4.6 mg/l		

# 8.1.5. Control banding

No additional information available

# 8.2. Exposure controls

#### 8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls

No additional information available

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#### 8.2.2. Personal protection equipment

#### Personal protective equipment symbol(s):







#### 8.2.2.1. Eye and face protection

#### Eye protection:

Wear eye protection. Wear closed safety glasses. EN 166

# 8.2.2.2. Skin protection

#### Skin and body protection:

Wear protective clothing. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace. Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing

#### Hand protection:

Wear protective gloves. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands. The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of Regulation (EU) 2016/425 and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

. Full contact-Material: butyl-rubber Minimum layer thickness: 0,7 mm Break through time: 480 min

#### 8.2.2.3. Respiratory protection

#### Respiratory protection:

Wear appropriate mask. Recommended filter type: Filter A

#### 8.2.2.4. Thermal hazards

No additional information available

#### 8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

### **Environmental exposure controls:**

Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

## Other information:

Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: LiquidColour: Colourless.Appearance: Liquid.Molecular mass: 41.05 g/mol

Odour : Faint ethereal odour.

Odour threshold: 39.8 ppmMelting point: -45 °CFreezing point: Not availableBoiling point: 81 - 82 °CFlammability: Not available

Explosive properties : Vapors can form an explosive mixture with air.

Lower explosion limit : 3 vol % Explosion group: IIA

Upper explosion limit : 17 vol % Flash point : 2 °C Closed cup

Auto-ignition temperature : 525 °C Temperature class: T1

Decomposition temperature : Not available pH : Not available Viscosity, kinematic : 0.405 mm²/s

Viscosity, dynamic : 0.316 mPa·s at 25 °C.

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Solubility : Miscible with water.

Water: 1000 g/l at 25 °C completely soluble

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow) : Not available Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) : -0.34

Vapour pressure : 93.6 hPa at 20 °C.

Vapour pressure at 50°C : 344 hPa

Density : 0.78 g/cm³ at 20 °C. Relative density : Not available

Relative density : Not available Relative vapour density at 20°C : Not available

Relative density of saturated gas/air mixture : 1.04 Ratio of the density to dry air at 20 °C and standard pressure.

Relative gas density : 1.42 Ratio of the density to dry air at the same temperature and pressure.

Particle characteristics : Not applicable

#### 9.2. Other information

#### 9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

No additional information available

#### 9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

No additional information available

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

Vapors can form an explosive mixture with air. Highly flammable liquid.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature).

## 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reactions possible with:

Strong bases

Strong reducing agents

Risk of explosion with:

**Nitrates** 

Perchlorates

Perchloric acid

Conc. sulfuric acid with heat

Risk of ignition or formation of inflammable gases or vapours with:

Oxidizing agents

Nitric acid

Nitrogen dioxide with catalyst

Generates dangerous gases or fumes in contact with:

Acids.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Open flame. Heat.

# 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids. Strong bases. Rubber. Several plastics.

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#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Fire may cause evolution of:

Nitrogen oxides

Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid)

Carbon oxides

Pay attention to flashback. Fume. May release flammable gases. In the event of fire: see section 5.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity (oral) : Harmful if swallowed. Acute toxicity (dermal) : Harmful in contact with skin. : Harmful if inhaled. Acute toxicity (inhalation)

Acetonitrile (Anhydrous) (75-05-8)	
2460 mg/kg - Union Carbide Data Sheet. Vol. 3/18/1965.	
> 2000 mg/kg - International Journal of Toxicology. Vol. 19, Pg. 363, 2000.	
Not classified	

Serious eye damage/irritation : Eyes - Rabbit

Result: Causes serious eye irritation.

(OECD Test Guideline 405)

Respiratory or skin sensitisation Not classified

Germ cell mutagenicity : Test Type: Mutagenicity (mammal cell test): chromosome aberration.

Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Metabolic activation: With and without metabolic activation Result: Positive results were obtained in some in vitro tests.

Remarks: (National Toxicology Program)

Test system: Saccharomyces cerevisiae Metabolic activation: Without metabolic activation

Result: Positive

Remarks: Cytogenetic analysis (ECHA)

Carcinogenicity Not classified

Reproductive toxicity Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility.

STOT-single exposure Not classified STOT-repeated exposure : Not classified Not classified Aspiration hazard

#### Acetonitrile (Anhydrous) (75-05-8)

0.405 mm<sup>2</sup>/s Viscosity, kinematic

## 11.2. Information on other hazards

#### 11.2.1. Endocrine disrupting properties

Adverse health effects caused by endocrine disrupting properties

: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH article 57(f) or commission delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or commission regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

#### 11.2.2. Other information

Potential adverse human health effects and symptoms

: Treat as cyanide poisoning. Always have on hand a cyanide first-aid kit, together with proper instructions. The onset of symptoms is generally delayed pending conversion to cvanide. Nausea. Vomiting. Diarrhea. Headache. Dizziness. Rash. Cvanosis. excitement. depression, Drowsiness, impaired judgment, Lack of coordination, stupor, death

Other information

To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

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# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1. Toxicity

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term

(acute)

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term

: Not classified

: Not classified

(chronic)

Acetonitrile (Anhydrous) (75-05-8)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	1640 mg/l - Brooke, L.T., D.J. Call, D.L. Geiger, and C.E. Northcott 1984. Acute Toxicities of Organic Chemicals to Fathead Minnows(Pimephales promelas), Vol. 1. Center for Lake Superior Environmental Stud., Univ.of Wisconsin-Superior, Superior, WI:414
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	3600 mg/l - Tong, Z., Z. Huailan, and J. Hongjun 1996. Chronic Toxicityof Acrylonitrile and Acetonitrile to Daphnia magna in 14-d and 21-d Toxicity Tests.  Bull.Environ.Contam.Toxicol. 57(4):655-659

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Acetonitrile (Anhydrous) (75-05-8)	
	70 % - Result: Readily biodegradable. (OECD Test Guideline 310)

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Acetonitrile (Anhydrous) (75-05-8)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-0.34
Bioaccumulative potential	No bioaccumulation is to be expected (log Pow <= 4).

# 12.4. Mobility in soil

Acetonitrile (Anhydrous) (75-05-8)	
Mobility in soil	Not expected to adsorb on soil.

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Acetonitrile (Anhydrous) (75-05-8)	
Results of PBT assessment	This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

# 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Adverse effects on the environment caused by endocrine disrupting properties

: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH article 57(f) or commission delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or commission regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

### 12.7. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects : Biological effects:

Hazard for drinking water supplies.

Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Avoid release to the environment.

Stability in water DT50 - > 9.999 d pH 7 at 25 °C Remarks: (calculated)Hydrolyzes slowly.

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# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment methods : Product residues are to be disposed of in compliance with national and regional regulations

dispose. Keep chemicals in original containers. Not with other waste mix. Uncleaned containers are to be treated according to the product. Pay attention to the waste policy

2008/98/EG

Additional information : Handle empty containers with care because residual vapours are flammable.

Ecology - waste materials : Avoid release to the environment.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

In accordance with ADR / IMDG / IATA

accordance with ADIC / INDEC / IATA		
ADR	IMDG	IATA
14.1. UN number or ID r	number	
UN 1648	UN 1648	UN 1648
14.2. UN proper shipping	ig name	
ACETONITRILE	ACETONITRILE	Acetonitrile
14.3. Transport hazard	class(es)	
3	3	3
3	3	3
14.4. Packing group		
П	II	II
14.5. Environmental haz	zards	
Dangerous for the environment: No	Dangerous for the environment: No Marine pollutant: No	Dangerous for the environment: No
No supplementary information	on available	

## 14.6. Special precautions for user

#### **Overland transport**

Classification code (ADR) : F1
Limited quantities (ADR) : 11
Excepted quantities (ADR) : E2

Packing instructions (ADR) : P001, IBC02, R001

Mixed packing provisions (ADR) : MP19
Portable tank and bulk container instructions (ADR) : T7
Portable tank and bulk container special provisions : TP2

(ADR)

Tank code (ADR) : LGBF
Vehicle for tank carriage : FL
Transport category (ADR) : 2
Special provisions for carriage - Operation (ADR) : S2, S20
Hazard identification number (Kemler No.) : 33

Orange plates : T

33 1648

Tunnel restriction code (ADR) : D/E

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#### Transport by sea

Limited quantities (IMDG) : 1L Excepted quantities (IMDG) E2 Packing instructions (IMDG) P001 IBC packing instructions (IMDG) IBC02 Tank instructions (IMDG) T7 Tank special provisions (IMDG) TP2 EmS-No. (Fire) : F-E : S-D EmS-No. (Spillage) Stowage category (IMDG) : B : SW2 Stowage and handling (IMDG) Flash point (IMDG) : 2°C c.c.

Properties and observations (IMDG) : Colourless, volatile liquid. Flashpoint: 2°C c.c. Explosive limits: 3% to 16% Miscible with

water. When involved in a fire, evolves toxic cyanide fumes. Harmful if swallowed, by skin

contact or by inhalation.

#### Air transport

PCA Excepted quantities (IATA) : E2 PCA Limited quantities (IATA) : Y341 PCA limited quantity max net quantity (IATA) : 1L PCA packing instructions (IATA) : 353 PCA max net quantity (IATA) : 5L CAO packing instructions (IATA) : 364 CAO max net quantity (IATA) : 60L ERG code (IATA) : 3L

### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### 15.1.1. EU-Regulations

#### **REACH Annex XVII (Restriction List)**

Not listed on REACH Annex XVII

#### **REACH Annex XIV (Authorisation List)**

Not listed on REACH Annex XIV (Authorisation List)

#### **REACH Candidate List (SVHC)**

Not listed on the REACH Candidate List

### **PIC Regulation (Prior Informed Consent)**

Not listed on the PIC list (Regulation EU 649/2012)

#### **POP Regulation (Persistent Organic Pollutants)**

Not listed on the POP list (Regulation EU 2019/1021)

## Ozone Regulation (1005/2009)

Not listed on the Ozone Depletion list (Regulation EU 1005/2009)

#### VOC Directive (2004/42)

Organic solvent : Yes

#### Seveso Directive (Disaster Risk Reduction)

Seveso Additional information : Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS

European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

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#### **Explosives Precursors Regulation (2019/1148)**

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Explosives Precursors list (Regulation EU 2019/1148 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors)

#### **Drug Precursors Regulation (273/2004)**

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Drug Precursors list (Regulation EC 273/2004 on the manufacture and the placing on market of certain substances used in the illicit manufacture of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances)

#### 15.1.2. National regulations

#### Germany

Employment restrictions : Observe work restrictions regarding maternity protection in accordance to Dir 92/85/EEC or

stricter national regulations where applicable.

Take note of Dir 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work.

Water hazard class (WGK) : WGK 2, Significantly hazardous to water (Classification according to AwSV).

Storage class (LGK, TRGS 510) : LGK 3 - Flammable liquids.

Hazardous Incident Ordinance (12. BImSchV) : Is not subject of the Hazardous Incident Ordinance (12. BImSchV)

# 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

For this product a chemical safety assessment was not carried out.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

Data sources : REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE

COUNCIL of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and

amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

Other information : None.

Full text of H- and EUH-statements:	
Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation)	Acute toxicity (inhal.), Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
Eye Irrit. 2	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquids, Category 2
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), EU

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

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